

BBSM Neutrino Course

Lecture XV

LMU

Spring 2020



In praise of SM

$$q_L = \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_L$$

$$\begin{matrix} u_R \\ d_R \end{matrix}$$

Weinberg '67

Higgs
doublet

$$(g) SU(2)_L \times U(1)$$

$$L_Y = g_s^{ij} (\bar{u} \overset{o}{\sigma}_L^i) \underset{\not A}{\not \Phi} \overset{o}{d}_R^j +$$

$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \varphi^+ \\ \varphi^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$+ g_d^{ij} (\bar{u} \overset{o}{\sigma}_L^i) \overset{o}{\sigma}_2^j \not \Phi^* \overset{o}{u}_R^j +$$

$$+ g_e^{ij} (\bar{u} \overset{o}{\sigma}_L^i) \not \Phi e_R^j + h.c.$$

$$i, j = 1, 2, \dots, N_g \quad (N_g = 3)$$

Rule: write down all gauge int. interactions

$$\Phi_{un} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ h + v \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Column} \\ \hline \text{"Hidden symmetry"} \end{array}$$

vacuum expectation value (vev)

$$M_W = \frac{g}{2} v$$

$$M_Z \cos \theta_W = M_W$$

$$\tan \theta_W = \frac{g'}{g}$$

$$e = g \sin \theta_W$$

$$g = g_W$$



$$\mathcal{L}_Y = \overline{d_L}^0 M_d \overline{d_R}^0 (1 + \frac{u}{e}) + h.c.$$

$$d_L^0 = \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \\ \vdots \\ L \end{pmatrix}_{(R)}^0$$

$$M_d^{ij} = Y_d^{ij} e$$

higgs

$$= \overline{d_L} \tilde{m}_d \overline{d_R} (1 + \frac{u}{e}) + h.c.$$

$$\tilde{m}_d \equiv m_d = \text{diag}(m_d, m_s, m_b, \dots)$$

$$d_{L,R}^0 = U_{L,R} d_{L,R} \text{ (column)}$$

$\in R$

$$\boxed{\overline{U_L^+} M_d V_R = \tilde{m}_d}$$

$$\underline{M_d} M_d^+ = H_1, \quad M_d^+ M_d = H_2$$

$$U_L^\dagger H_1 U_L = U_L^\dagger M_\delta M_\delta^\dagger U_L$$

$$= U_L^\dagger M_\delta U_R U_R^\dagger M_\delta^\dagger U_L$$

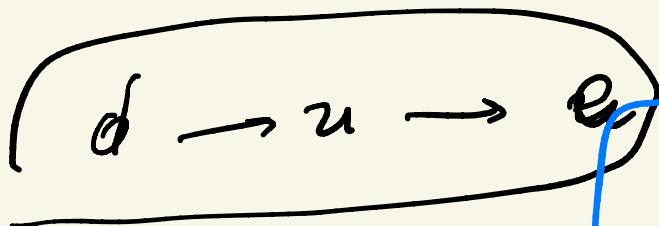
$$= \tilde{m}_d^2$$

$$U_R^\dagger H_2 U_R = \tilde{m}_\delta^2$$

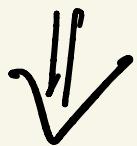
$$U_L^\dagger U_L = U_R^\dagger U_R$$

II

I

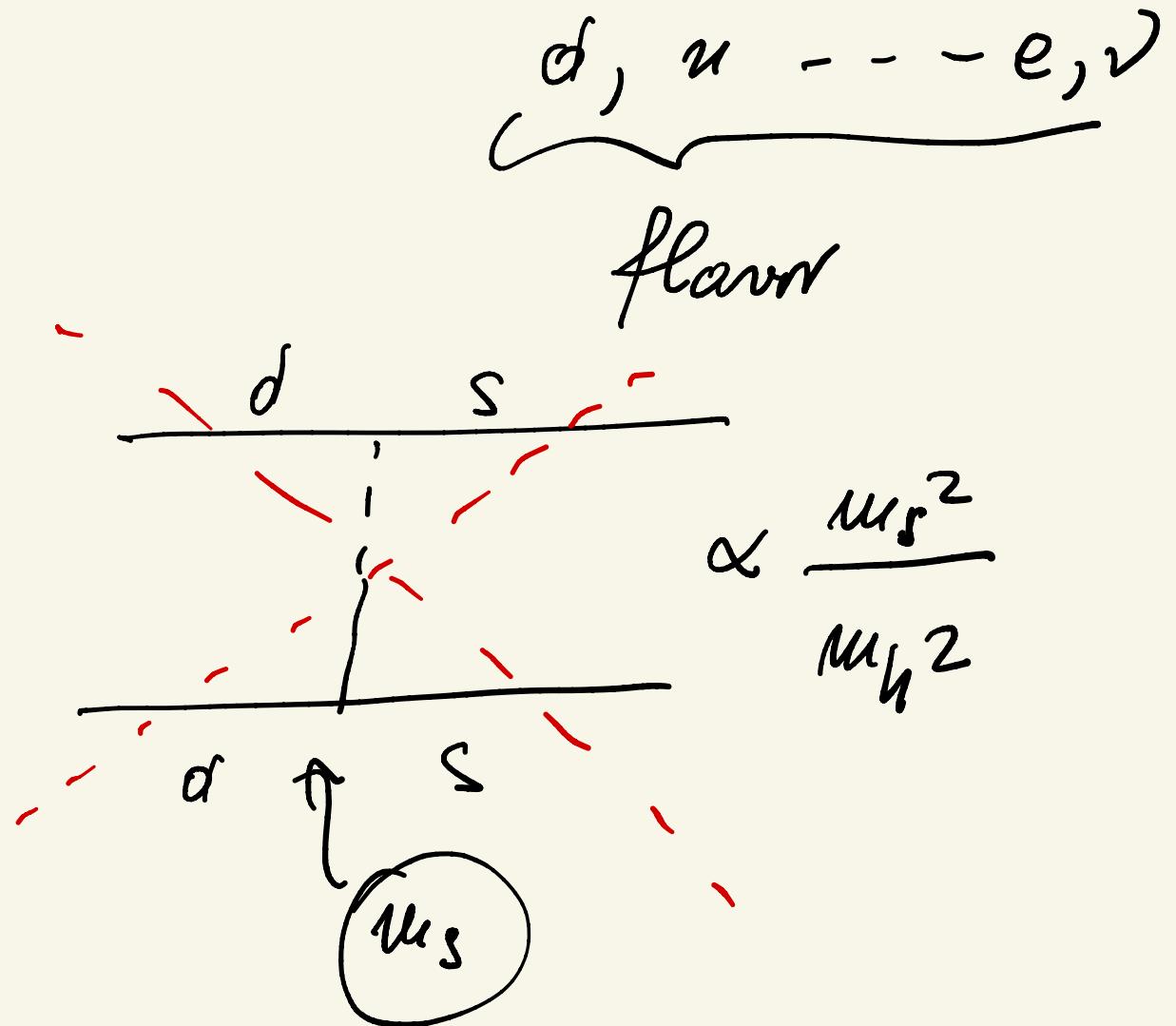


the same



$$L_Y = (m_d \bar{d}d + m_s \bar{s}s + m_b \bar{b}b) + (1 + \frac{h}{\varphi})$$

Higgs = flavor diagonal



$$(-\frac{1}{3}e) A_\mu \left(\bar{d}_L^\circ \partial^\mu d_L^\circ + \bar{s}_L^\circ \partial^\mu s_L^\circ + \bar{b}_L^\circ \partial^\mu b_L^{--} \right)$$

$+ L \rightarrow R$

$$= (-\frac{1}{3}e) A_\mu \left[\bar{d}_L^\circ \partial^\mu d_L^\circ + L \leftrightarrow R \right]$$

$$d_L = \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \\ t \end{pmatrix}_L$$

column

$$= \left(-\frac{1}{2} e A_\mu \right) \left[\overline{d_L} U_L^\dagger \gamma^\mu U_L d_L \text{ column} + L \leftrightarrow R \right]$$

$U_L + U_L^\dagger = 1$

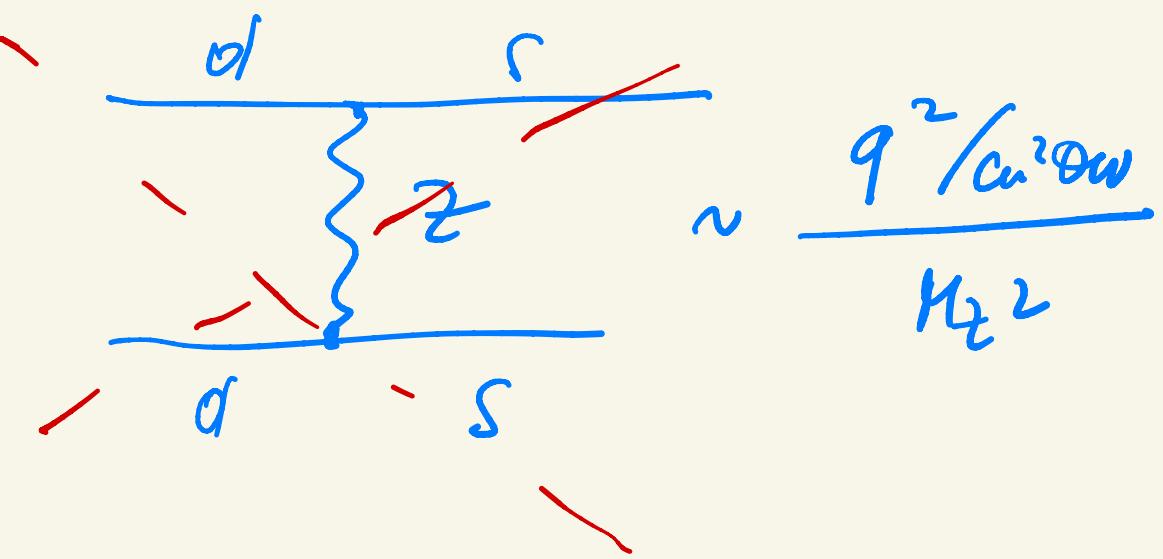
$$e J_\mu^{\text{em}} A_\mu \quad J_\mu^{\text{ew}} = \bar{f} \gamma^\mu Q \epsilon a f$$

$$\frac{g}{c_{\text{max}}} J_\mu^2 \gamma_\mu \quad J_\mu^{\text{ew}} = \bar{f} \gamma^\mu [T_3 - Q \sin^2 \theta_W] f$$

gen. independent

↓

flavor diagonal



↓

$$\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^+ \left[\bar{u}_L^\circ \gamma^\mu d_L^\circ + \bar{c}_L^\circ \gamma^\mu s_L^\circ + \bar{t}_L^\circ \gamma^\mu b_L^\circ + \dots \right]$$

$$= \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^+ (\bar{u} \bar{c} \bar{t} \dots)_L^\circ \gamma^\mu \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}_L^\circ$$

$$= \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^+ (\bar{u} \bar{c} \bar{t})_L U_{Lu}^\dagger \gamma^\mu U_{Ld} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}_L^\dagger +$$

$U_{Lu}^\dagger U_{Ld} \equiv V_{CKM}$

Celibbo; Kobayashi, Maskawa

$$\boxed{V_{CAM} \equiv V}$$

N^2 elements
 $U^\dagger U = I$

$$N^2 = \underbrace{\frac{N(N-1)}{2}} + \underbrace{\frac{N(N+1)}{2}}$$

phases

Euler angles = rotation



$$U \in R \Rightarrow U = O \because OO^T = I$$



$\frac{N(N-1)}{2}$ elements

phases \leftrightarrow CP violation

~~$N=1 \Rightarrow 2$ phases~~ *not true!*

~~$N=2 \Rightarrow 3$~~

KM : let there be $N_\phi = 3$!

And there was 3 glu

of phases ??

$$\bar{d} d m_S = m_S (\bar{d}_L \phi_R + \bar{\phi}_R d_L)$$

↑

real, positive #

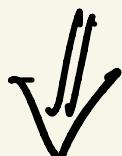
$$\begin{aligned}
 d_L &\rightarrow e^{i\alpha\phi} d_L, \quad d_R \rightarrow e^{i\alpha\phi} d_R \\
 \downarrow & \\
 \mu_\phi (\cancel{d_L e^{-i\alpha\phi}} \cancel{e^{i\alpha\phi} d_R} + h.c.)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \mu_\phi \overline{d} d$$

$$\boxed{\text{# of phases} = \frac{N(N+1)}{2} - 2N}$$

$$N=2 \Rightarrow \text{# of phases} = -1$$

$$N=3 \Rightarrow -11- = 0$$



$$u \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_u} u = \begin{cases} e^{i\alpha_u} u \\ e^{i\alpha_u} \end{cases}$$

$$c \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_c} c = \begin{cases} e^{i\alpha_c} c \\ e^{i\alpha_c} \end{cases} e^{i(\alpha_c - \alpha_u)} c$$

$$t \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_t} t = \begin{cases} e^{i\alpha_t} t \\ e^{i\alpha_t} \end{cases} e^{i(\alpha_t - \alpha_u)} t$$

⋮
⋮
⋮

$$d \rightarrow \begin{cases} e^{i\alpha_d} \\ e^{i\alpha_d} \end{cases} e^{i(\alpha_d - \alpha_u)} d$$

$$s \rightarrow \begin{cases} e^{i\alpha_s} \\ e^{i\alpha_s} \end{cases} e^{i(\alpha_s - \alpha_u)} s$$

$$b \rightarrow \begin{cases} e^{i\alpha_b} \\ e^{i\alpha_b} \end{cases} e^{i(\alpha_b - \alpha_u)} b$$

$$\frac{q}{\Gamma} W_\mu^+ (\bar{u} \bar{c} \bar{t})_L \gamma^\mu V \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}_L +$$

$$- \frac{q}{\Gamma} W_\mu^+ (\bar{u} \bar{c} \bar{t})_L e^{-i\alpha_u} \gamma^\mu V e^{i\alpha_u} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}_L$$

$$\# \text{ of phases} = \frac{N(N+1)}{2} - (2N-1)$$

$$N=2 \Rightarrow 0!$$

$$N=3 \Rightarrow \textcircled{1} \text{ KM phase}$$

$$V_{CKM}: \quad \theta_1 = \theta_{12} \quad (1 \leftrightarrow 2 \text{ gen})$$

$$\theta_2 = \theta_{23} \quad (2-3-4-) \quad$$

$$\theta_{12} = \theta_c \quad \theta_3 = \theta_{13} \quad (1-3-4-) \quad$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{Cabibbo}}$

$$\underline{\delta \simeq 45^\circ}$$

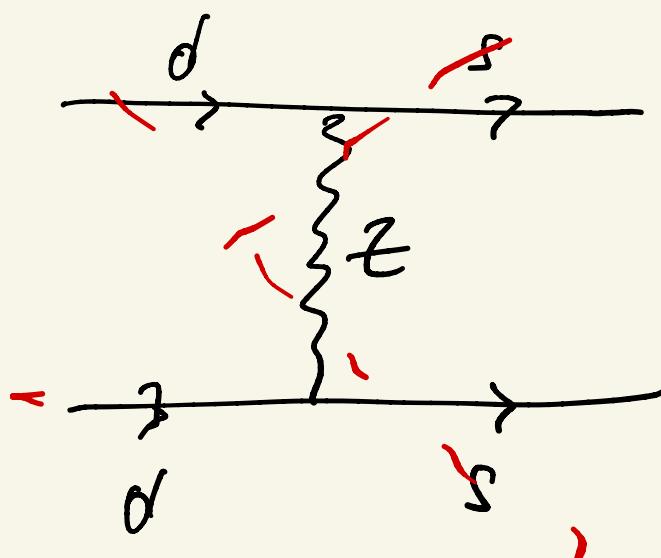
$$\simeq 13^\circ$$

$$\theta_2 \simeq \theta_{23} \simeq 4 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\theta_3 \approx \theta_{13} \approx 4 \times 10^{-3}$$

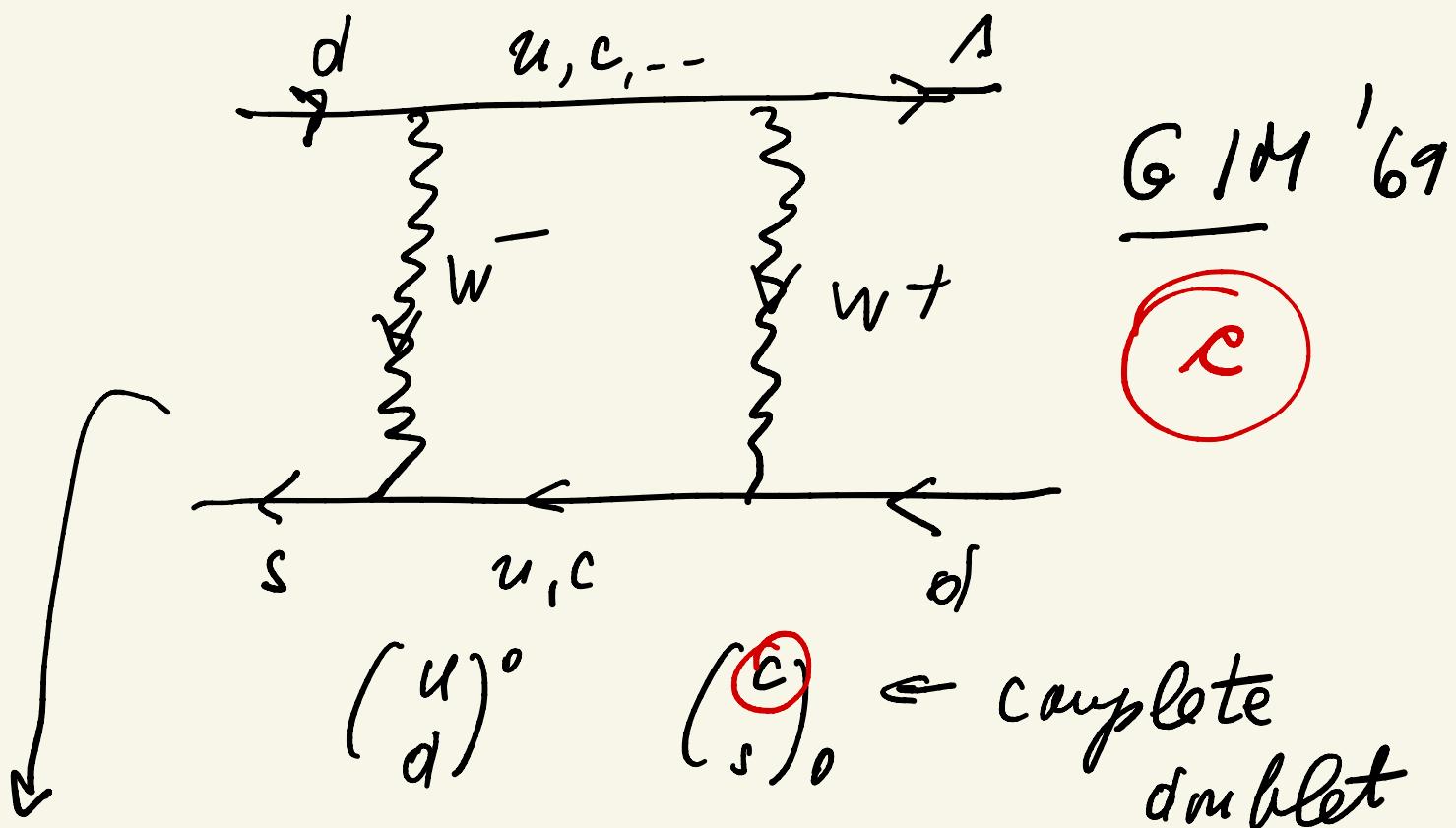
$$K^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$h^0 \leftrightarrow \bar{h}^0$$



$$\approx \frac{q^2}{\alpha_s^2 \alpha_W \alpha_Z^2} = \frac{q^2}{M_W^2}$$

$$\approx 6_F$$



$$\simeq G_F \left(\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \right) \sin^2 \theta_C \times \boxed{\text{small} \simeq 10^{-3}}$$

\downarrow_{10}

2 GeV

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_C & \sin \theta_C \\ -\sin \theta_C & \cos \theta_C \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^\mu \left[\bar{u} \gamma^\mu d \sin \theta_C + \bar{u} \gamma^\mu s \sin \theta_C + \right.$$

$$\left. + \bar{c} \gamma^\mu d (-\sin \theta_C) + \bar{c} \gamma^\mu s \cos \theta_C \right]$$

- $m_u = w_c = 0$

$$m_c \simeq 6 \text{ GeV}$$

$$w_u \simeq \text{few MeV}$$



$$U_L^+ - M_f \quad U_R f = \tilde{m}_f (\equiv m_f)$$

diagonal

Imagine $\tilde{m} \equiv m = m_0 \mathbb{1}$

$$m_0 [\bar{u}_L u_R + \bar{c}_L c_R] + \underset{\text{h.c.}}{2 \text{gen}}$$

$$\approx m_0 (\bar{u}_L \bar{c}_L) \begin{pmatrix} u_R \\ c_R \end{pmatrix} + \text{h.c.}$$

$$(\begin{matrix} u \\ c \end{matrix})_{C,R} \rightarrow T_{L,R} (\begin{matrix} u \\ c \end{matrix})_{L,R}$$

$$m_0 (\bar{u} \bar{c})_L (\bar{V}_L + \bar{V}_R) \begin{pmatrix} u \\ c \end{pmatrix}_R + \text{h.c.}$$

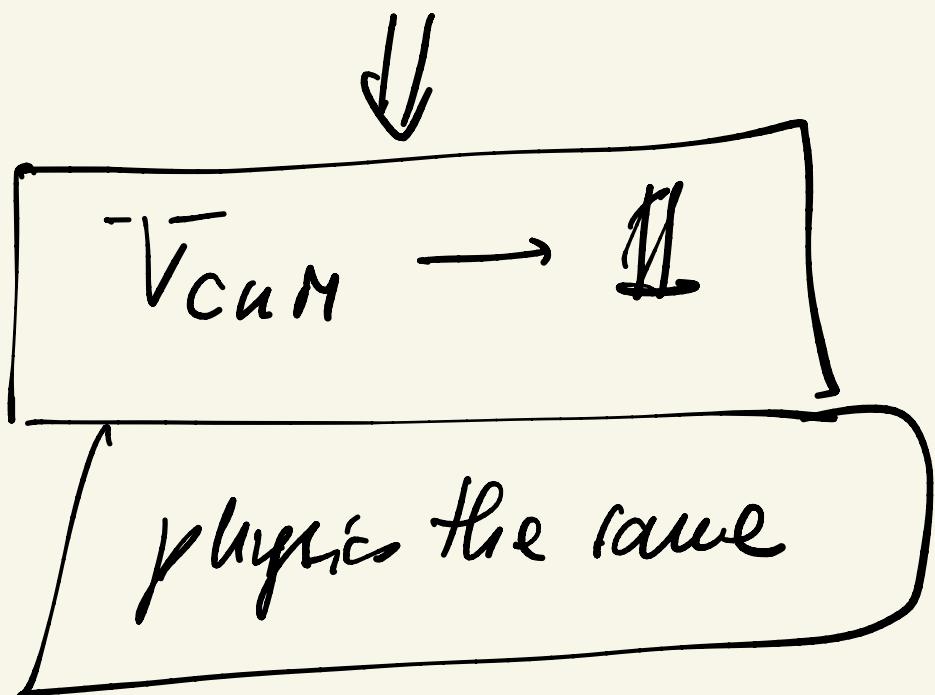
$V_L = V_R \quad |$

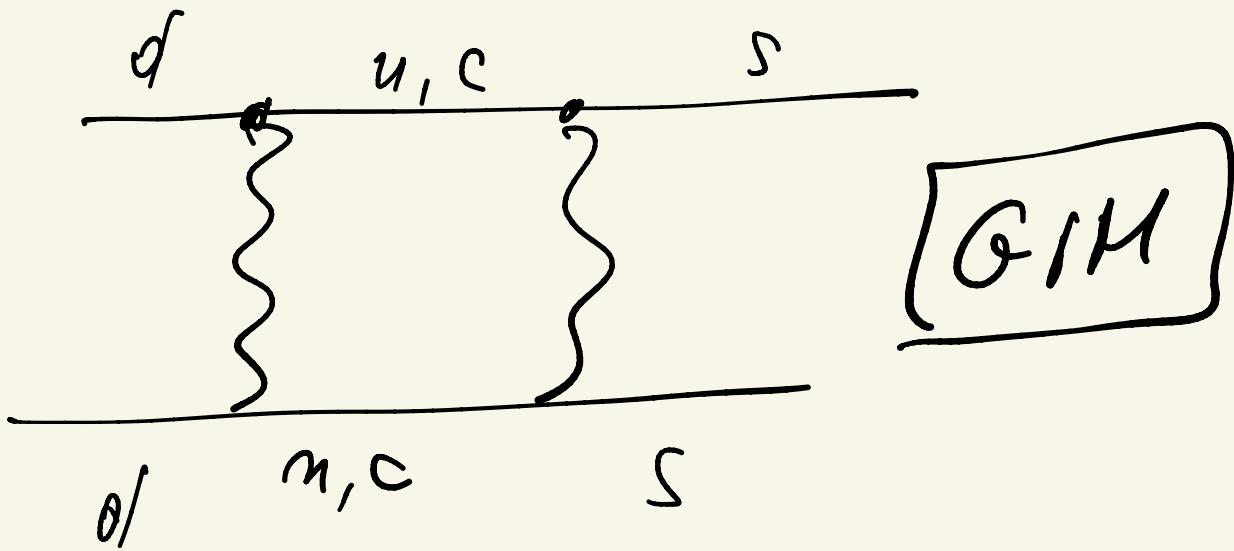
$$W_\mu^+ (\bar{u} \bar{c} \bar{t})_L \gamma^\mu \underbrace{U_{L,u}^+}_{V_{CKM}} U_{L,d} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}_L$$

$$\rightarrow W_\mu^+ (\bar{u} \bar{c} \bar{t}) \gamma^\mu V_L^+ \underbrace{U_{L,u}^+ + U_{L,d}}_{V_{CKM}} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}_L$$

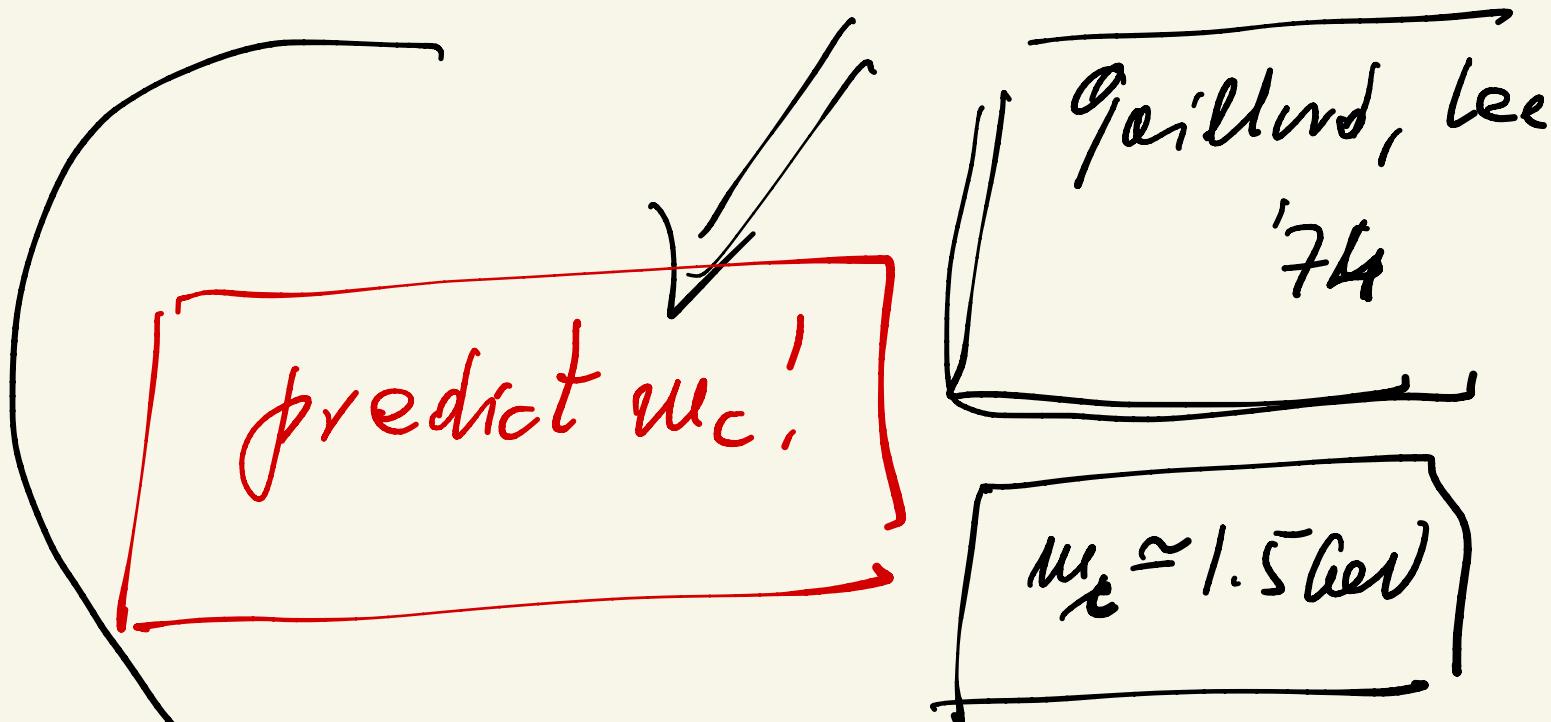
$$V_{CKM} \rightarrow V_L^+ V_{CKM}$$

$$V_L = V_R = V_{CKM}$$





$$\sim G_F \frac{\alpha}{9\pi} \sin^2 \theta_C \frac{m_c^2}{M_W^2}$$



$$+ G_F \frac{\alpha}{9\pi} \left[\theta_{13}^2 \frac{m_t^2}{M_W^2} \theta_{23}^2 \right]$$

↑

Negligible

small!

$$E_{CP} \simeq 10^{-3}$$

$$CP \simeq G_F E_{CP}$$

[SM]

1. Z boson - neutral current
2. $\exists c (G/H)$
3. NFC - natural flavor currents
- in neutral currents

- Z, A, h : preserve flavor
- W - violates flavor vacuum
- $G/M \therefore FV$ (neutral)

$$\simeq \frac{mc^2}{M_W^2}$$

• $kM : \exists t, b$

\exists Higgs - Weinberg

$$h \frac{m_f}{\omega} \bar{f} f = h \frac{\alpha}{2} \frac{m_f}{M_W} \bar{f} f$$

mass = dynamical

To every $w_f \rightarrow$ associated process

$h \rightarrow f\bar{f}$ predicted

$$\Gamma(h \rightarrow f\bar{f}) = \frac{w_h}{8\pi} \left(\frac{g}{2} \frac{w_f}{M} \right)^2$$

t, b, t, W, Z

tested

$$d\psi = (\bar{u}_L \bar{d}_L)^0 \left[\gamma_{1d}^{ij} \Phi_1 + \gamma_{2d}^{ij} \Phi_2 \right] d_R^j + h.c.$$

Two Higgs

$$\underline{M}_d = \gamma_1 \underline{v}_1 + \gamma_2 \underline{v}_2$$

$$\underline{\Phi}_{\alpha} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v_{\alpha} + h_i \end{pmatrix} \quad \alpha = 1, 2$$

$$U_L + M_d U_R = \text{diagonal} = \tilde{M} \text{ or}$$

$$\sum \mu \neq M + (1 + \frac{1}{e})$$

diagonal $M \Leftrightarrow$ diagonal \tilde{Y}

$\Rightarrow h \text{ not ff} !!$

2 dumblets $M = \text{diag} \not\Rightarrow \varphi \text{ diag}$

LOSE: NFG

LOSE: prediction $h \rightarrow \bar{f}\bar{f}$

What if P was good?



disaster

P Covering wld



$$\bar{Q}_L \equiv \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_R \equiv Q_R$$



$$\mathcal{L}_Y = \bar{Q}_L (\underline{M} + Y_T T) Q_R + h.c.$$

singlet \downarrow

$$m_u = m_d$$

$$\langle T \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} v_T & 0 \\ 0 & -v_T \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\underline{M}_u = \underline{M} + Y_T v$$

$$\underline{M}_d = \underline{M} - Y_T v$$

$$-M_2 = 0$$

difante

$$T = \text{Adjoint} = \text{vector} = \begin{pmatrix} T_1 \\ T_2 \\ T_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle T \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad SO(2) = U(1)$$

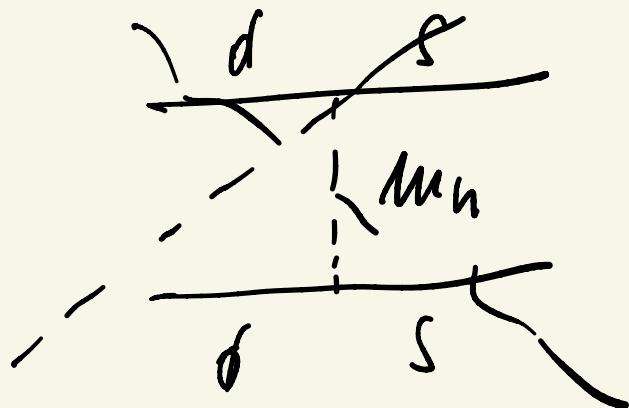
$M_d \rightarrow \text{diagonal}$

$$\Rightarrow V_L^\dagger M_d V_R = \text{diagonal}$$



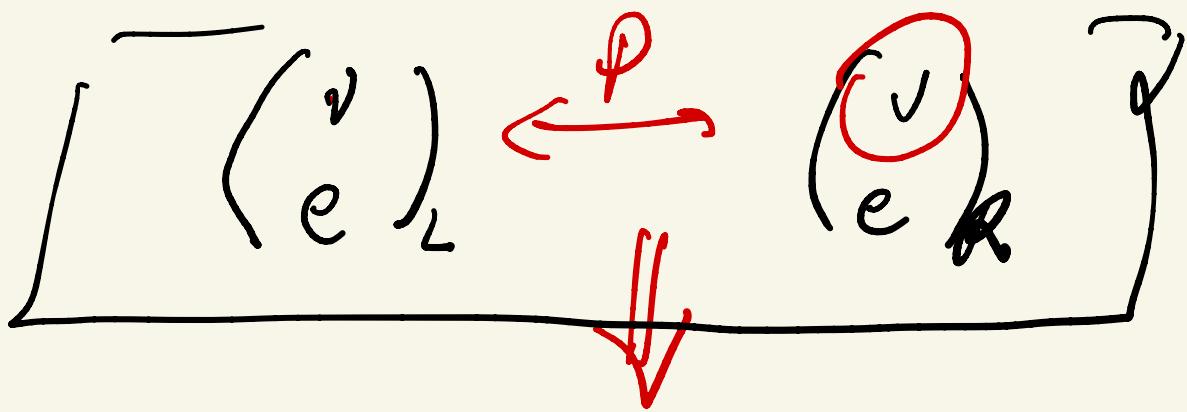
$\gamma_T = \text{diagonal}$

NFC



$$m_h \simeq 125 \text{ GeV}$$

but



$$\exists v_R \leftrightarrow v_L$$



$\boxed{M_v \neq 0}$

- 2, l masses $\longleftrightarrow \cancel{P}$
- $\cancel{P} \Rightarrow M_v = 0$

$\boxed{\text{Catch 22 situation}}$

P for charged fermions

P for neutrino